# 3-3 Shoulder dystocia v.1

Failure of routine traction to release the neonatal shoulders during a vaginal birth. Presenting signs:

- Slow birth of face and chin
- Head tightly applied to vulva
- "Turtle-neck sign": chin retracting and depressing perineum

## START

(5)

- **Call for help** (obstetrician, midwife, anaesthetist, neonatal team)
  - Ask: "who will be the team leader?"
  - Team leader assigns checklist reader and scribe
- 2 Stop the woman pushing, lie her flat and move buttocks to the end of the bed
- **3** Start continuous fetal monitoring -*and* check actions to avoid (Box A)
- 4 Try all subsequent manoeuvres, before moving on
  - McRoberts' manoeuvre bring the woman's knees to her chest + apply routine traction
  - Suprapubic pressure apply *either* continuous -*or* rocking pressure on the woman's abdomen behind the fetal back + apply routine traction

If neonatal shoulders still stuck 🗲 start internal manoeuvres

- ▶ If whole hand cannot fit inside vagina → perform episiotomy
- Deliver posterior arm
- Internal rotational manoeuvres

### 6 If birth still not achieved →

- Position woman on all fours position -or- repeat all of above manoeuvres
- **7** Call for senior obstetric help
- 8 If birth still not achieved → perform cleidotomy (Box B)
- If birth still not achieved → consider Zavanelli manoeuvre or symphysiotomy with appropriate anaesthesia (Box B)
- Following birth, check mother and baby → (Box C)

#### Box A: Actions to avoid

Excessive force Acute downward traction on the fetal neck Fundal pressure

#### Box B: Other interventions

Cleidotomy: surgical division of the clavicles of the fetus

**Zavanelli**: the baby's head is first rotated into position and then flexed, pushing the head back into the vagina. Give tocolysis (terbutaline 0.25 mg SC -*or*- GTN spray sublingual) before starting attempt, to reduce risk of uterine rupture

**Symphysiotomy**: the cartilage of the pubic symphysis is divided to widen the pelvis

#### Box C: Post birth actions

Assess for post-partum haemorrhage Check for signs of trauma to vagina and perineum Neonatal examination of baby for signs of trauma Offer explanation to woman Arrange postnatal debrief for 6-12 weeks later Complete incident report Facilitate staff debrief